AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 13, 2012

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 15, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 29, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 15, 2011

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 13, 2011

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2011–12 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 972

Introduced by Assembly Members Butler and Beall Member Butler (Coauthor: Assembly Member Mitchell)

February 18, 2011

An act to amend, repeal, and add Section 11834.02 of, and to add and repeal Section 11834.04 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to alcoholism or drug abuse treatment. An act to add Sections 3017 and 3203.5 to the Public Resources Code, relating to oil and gas.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 972, as amended, Butler. Substance abuse: treatment facilities. *Oil and gas: hydraulic fracturing: moratorium.*

Under existing law, the Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources in the Department of Conservation regulates the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of oil and gas wells in the state. The State Oil and Gas Supervisor supervises the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of wells and the operation, maintenance, and removal or abandonment of tanks and facilities related to oil and gas production within an oil and gas field regarding safety and environmental damage. Existing law requires an operator of a well,

 $AB 972 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

before commencing the work of drilling the well, to obtain approval from the State Oil and Gas Supervisor or a district deputy.

This bill would, until regulations governing hydraulic fracturing have been adopted, prohibit the supervisor and the district deputy from approving the drilling of a well in which hydraulic fracturing, as defined, is used or is proposed to be used in the production of oil and gas.

Existing law provides for the licensure, certification, and regulation of alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities serving adults, administered by the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs. These facilities are defined to mean any premises, place, or building that provides 24-hour residential nonmedical services to adults who are recovering from problems related to alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug misuse or abuse, and who need alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug recovery treatment or detoxification services.

This bill would, until January 1, 2017, revise the definition of an alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility to include a facility that provides a prescribed medical program exclusively to residents of the facility and that is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting organization.

Existing law requires the department to charge a fee to license alcohol or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities. Existing law establishes the Residential and Outpatient Program Licensing Fund, consisting of specified fees, fines, and penalties. Under existing law, money in the fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, is available to support the department's licensing and certification activities.

This bill would require the licensure and certification fee for facilities that provide the prescribed medical program to be, for the first year of implementation, no more than \$50 per client based on the number of elients the facility served the prior year.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 3017 is added to the Public Resources
- 2 Code, to read:
- 3 3017. "Hydraulic fracturing," "fracking," "hydrofracking,"
- 4 "hydrofracturing," and "unconventional shale drilling" means a
- 5 technique used in preparing a well that typically involves the

-3- AB 972

pressurized injection of water and a mix of chemicals, compounds, and materials into an underground geologic formation in order to fracture the formation, thereby causing or enhancing, for the purposes of this division, the production of oil or gas from a well. SEC. 2. Section 3203.5 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

3203.5. Notwithstanding any other law, until regulations governing hydraulic fracturing have been adopted, the supervisor or a district deputy shall not approve or issue a permit authorizing the drilling of a well pursuant to this division in which hydraulic fracturing is used or is proposed to be used in the production of oil and gas.

SECTION 1. Section 11834.02 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

11834.02. (a) As used in this chapter, "alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility" or "facility" means any premises, place, or building that provides 24-hour residential nonmedical services to adults who are recovering from problems related to alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug misuse or abuse, and who need alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug recovery treatment or detoxification services, and may include a facility that provides a medical program exclusively to residents of the facility pursuant to subdivision (e) and that is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting organization.

- (b) As used in this chapter, "adults" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Mothers over 18 years of age and their children.
- (2) Emancipated minors, which may include, but are not limited to, mothers under 18 years of age and their children.
- (c) As used in this chapter, "emancipated minors" means persons under 18 years of age who have acquired emancipation status pursuant to Section 7002 of the Family Code.
- (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), an alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility may serve adolescents upon the issuance of a waiver granted by the department pursuant to regulations adopted under subdivision (e) of Section 11834.50.
- (e) An alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility may provide medical services by a physician, exclusively to residents of the facility for the purpose of assisting in detoxification

AB 972 —4—

and treatment. The medical services provided under this subdivision shall be limited to the following:

- (1) Medical evaluation, psychiatric counseling, and prescription of medications for assistance with detoxification.
- (2) Additional psychiatric evaluation and counseling, if necessary.
- (3) Prescribing and monitoring of medications, including public health inoculations.
- (4) Obtaining medical histories and routine examinations for general oversight of the medical condition of residents within the facility.
- (5) Routine, noninvasive testing, including drawing blood samples for laboratory examination and testing offsite.
- (f) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to permit the state or a local governmental entity to require the provision of medical services within a facility as a condition of licensure, funding, or other regulatory supervision.
- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2017, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2017, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 2. Section 11834.02 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 11834.02. (a) As used in this chapter, "alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility" or "facility" means a premises, place, or building that provides 24-hour residential nonmedical services to adults who are recovering from problems related to alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug misuse or abuse, and who need alcohol, drug, or alcohol and drug recovery treatment or detoxification services.
- (b) As used in this chapter, "adults" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Mothers over 18 years of age and their children.
- (2) Emancipated minors, which may include, but are not limited to, mothers under 18 years of age and their children.
- (c) As used in this chapter, "emancipated minors" means persons under 18 years of age who have acquired emancipation status pursuant to Section 7002 of the Family Code.
- 38 (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), an alcoholism or drug 39 abuse recovery or treatment facility may serve adolescents upon

5 AB 972

the issuance of a waiver granted by the department pursuant to regulations adopted under subdivision (c) of Section 11834.50.

- (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2017.
- 4 SEC. 3. Section 11834.04 is added to the Health and Safety 5 Code, to read:
 - 11834.04. (a) In implementing subdivision (e) of Section 11834.02, all of the following shall apply:
 - (1) The department shall impose a licensure and certification fee pursuant to Section 11833.02 on a facility providing medical services pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 11834.02. Notwithstanding Section 11833.02, for the first year of implementation, the fee shall be not more than fifty dollars (\$50) per client based on the number of clients the facility served the prior year.
 - (2) (A) Notwithstanding the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), the department shall, on or before June 30, 2012, implement this section and subdivision (e) of Section 11834.02 by all-facility letters or similar instructions. Thereafter, the department shall adopt emergency regulations implementing this section on or before December 31, 2012, by adopting the specific accreditation standards established by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO) and the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF), and any additional accrediting organizations that the department may choose to rely upon. The department may readopt any emergency regulation authorized by this section.
 - (3) The initial adoption of emergency regulations and readoption of emergency regulations authorized by this subdivision shall be deemed an emergency and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or general welfare. Initial emergency regulations and the one readoption of emergency regulations authorized by this section shall be exempt from review and approval by the Office of Administrative Law. The initial emergency regulations and readoption of emergency regulations authorized by this section shall be submitted to the Office of Administrative Law for filing with the Secretary of State and each shall remain in effect for no more than 180 days, by which time final regulations may be adopted.

AB 972 —6—

- 1 (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2017,
- and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2017, deletes or extends that date.